

A new study of ${}^5\text{H}$

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We have studied the ground state of the extremely neutron-rich isotope of hydrogen, ${}^5\text{H}$, using the ${}^6\text{He}(d, {}^3\text{He}){}^5\text{H}$ reaction in inverse kinematics. Several measurements exist for ${}^5\text{H}$ (see Ref. [1]), however different results are in conflict with each other and with many theoretical predictions. The present measurement provides a clear evidence for the ${}^5\text{H}$ ground state, and the previously unreported ${}^6\text{He}(d,t){}^5\text{He}$ ground state reaction is observed in the same experiment. A ${}^6\text{He}$ beam at 55 AMeV produced at the National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory at Michigan State University bombarded a 1.9 mg/cm^2 $(\text{CD}_2)_n$ target. The reaction products were detected with HiRA (the High Resolution Array) [2]. The properties of the ${}^5\text{He}$ ground state are well known from neutron scattering and the ${}^4\text{He}(d,p){}^5\text{He}$ reaction and provide information about the calibration and response of the apparatus. The ${}^3\text{He}$ and ${}^3\text{H}$ particles from the ${}^6\text{He}(d, {}^3\text{He}/{}^3\text{H}){}^5\text{H}/{}^5\text{He}$ reactions were detected in coincidence with the decay products of the unstable ${}^5\text{H}$ and ${}^5\text{He}$ nuclei, providing clean signatures for the transitions of interest. The data reveal clear evidence of the ${}^5\text{H}$ ground-state resonance at an energy of 2.4 ± 0.4 MeV above the threshold for decay into $t+2n$, with a width of 4.4 ± 0.4 MeV. Details of the measurement, and a comparison of the results with those of previous measurements and theoretical calculations, will be presented.

[1] L. V. Grigorenko, Eur. Phys. J. A 20, 419 (2004) and references therein.

[2] M. S. Wallace et al., Nucl. Instrum. and Meth. A 583, 302 (2007).

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