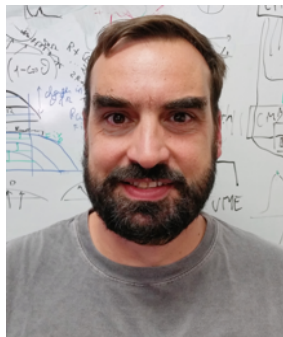
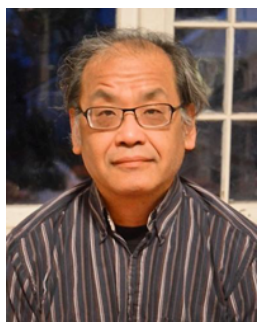
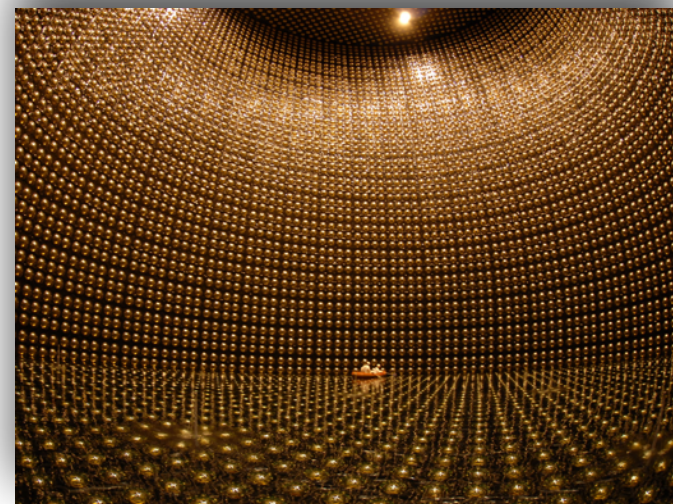
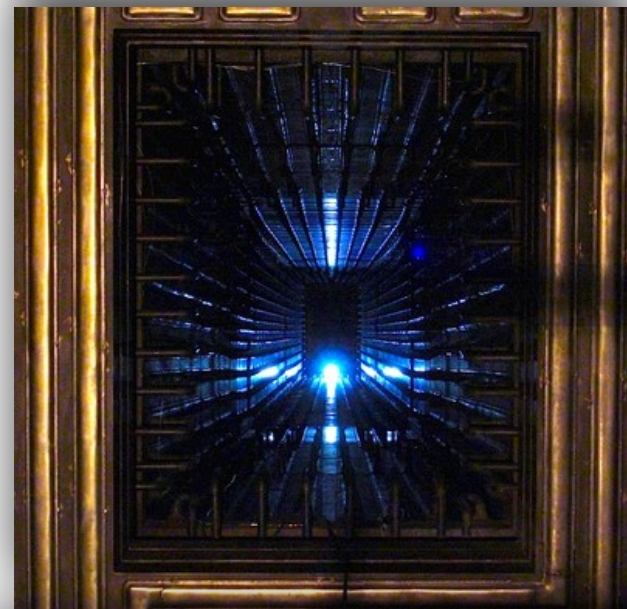


# TRIUMF and Long Baseline Neutrino Projects

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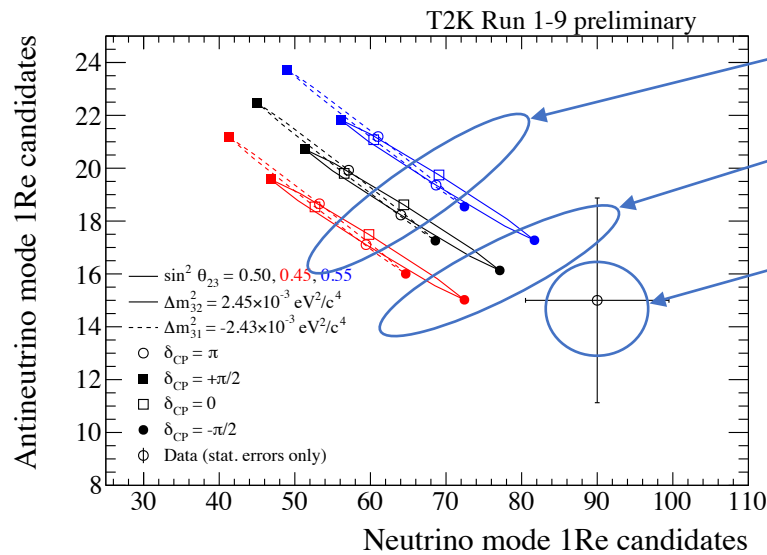
Mark Hartz

TRIUMF ACOT, April 8, 2018



# T2K Neutrino and Antineutrino Results

T2K presented results with full statistics through 2018 at a KEK seminar in January 2019

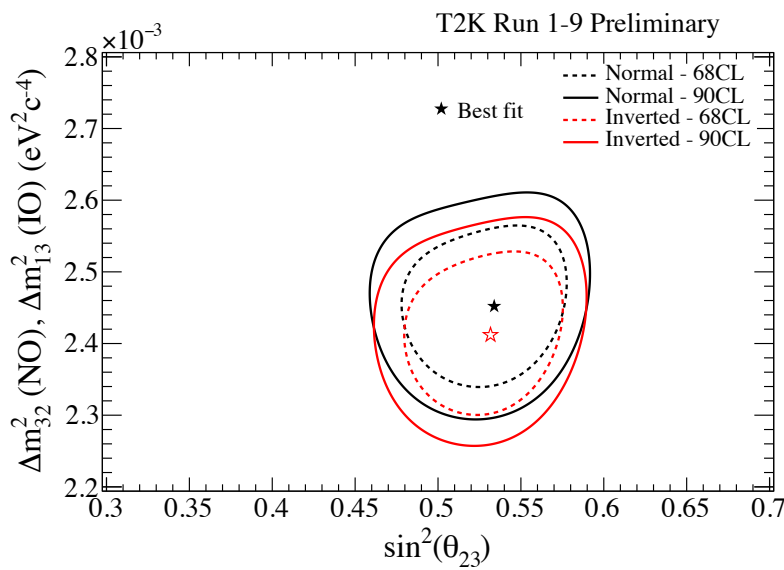


CP conservation hypothesis

CP violating hypothesis

**Data gives  $2\sigma$  indication of CP violation.**

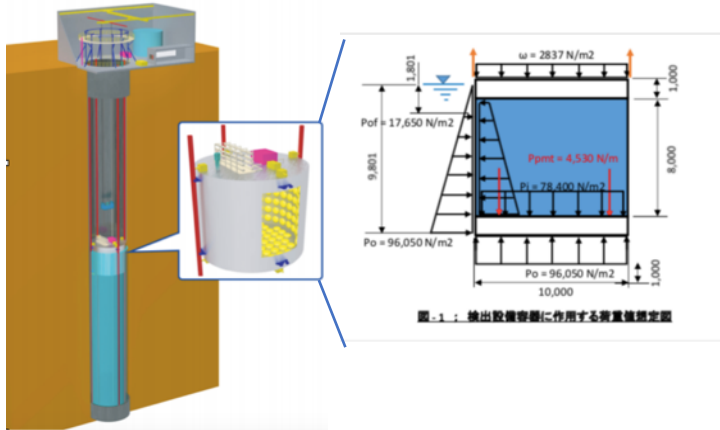
**Excess beyond maximal CP violation hypothesis is still consistent with statistical fluctuation**



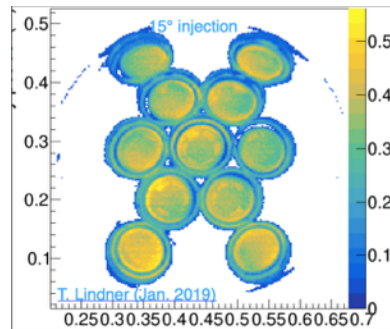
T2K data continues to prefer a value for  $\theta_{23}$  consistent with maximal mixing ( $\theta_{23}=45^\circ$ )

NOvA prefers non-maximal mixing

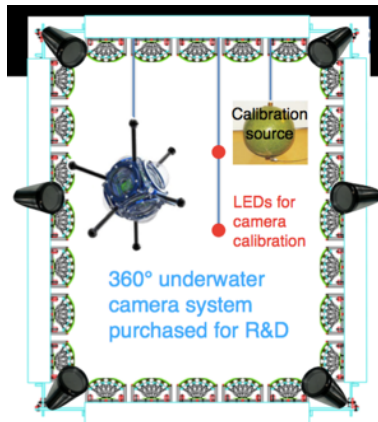
# Hyper-K/NuPRISM (IWCD) and Super-K



Collaborating with Japanese colleagues on site selection, facility and detector design for the Intermediate Water Cherenkov Detector (NuPRISM) for Hyper-K



Successful optical and hydrostatic pressure tests of the prototype multi-PMT photo detection modules built at TRIUMF  
 Design updates for second generation prototypes are ongoing



Development of photogrammetry calibration system for photo sensor and calibration source positioning  
 System for deployment in Super-K is being built  
 Planned contribution for IWCD and Hyper-K  
 Super-K taking data after successful upgrade; involved in ongoing calibrations.

# Analysis Efforts

HyperK - Canada  
MACHINE LEARNING WORKSHOP  
APRIL 15-17, 2019

Machine learning for water Cherenkov detectors

The VISA research centre at the University of Victoria is hosting a workshop on the application of machine learning techniques for water Cherenkov detectors. The workshop will be held on the campus of the University of Victoria from April 15-17, 2019.

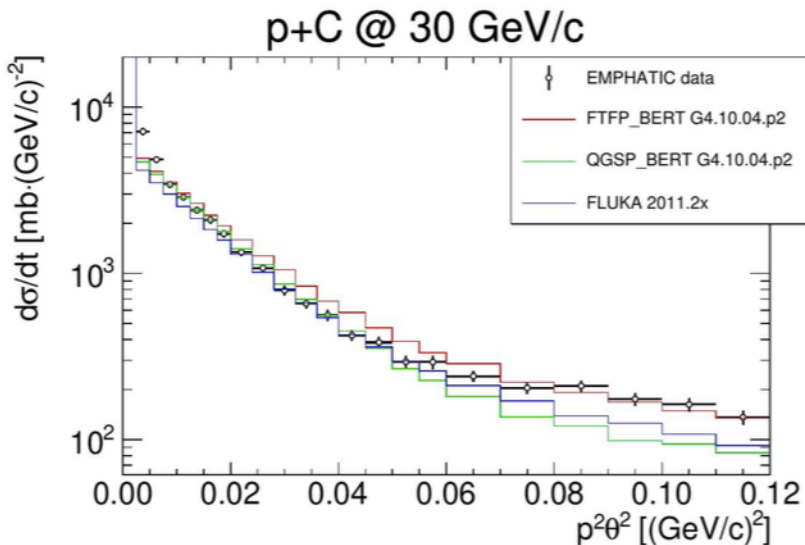
The workshop will include tutorials and working sessions using GPU servers to allow participants to gain experience in machine learning techniques. The focus will be on developing techniques to analyze simulated photosensor data from the proposed intermediate and Hyper-Kamiokande water Cherenkov detectors. Participation is by invitation only.

The workshop is made possible with support from the University of Victoria Office of the Vice-President Research and Amazon Web Services.

University of Victoria  
Victoria Subatomic Physics & Accelerator Research Centre  
powered by AWS

TRIUMF and U. Vic. have organized a workshop on machine learning at U. Vic. on April 15-17

Launching point for efforts to apply machine learning to Super-K, Hyper-K, IWCD



First results from EMPHATIC are being prepared for publication

Measurement of forward scattering cross sections show no model agrees with data over full kinematic range

Analysis by TRIUMF postdoc M. Pavin

## Funding Status

We plan a CFI request to build multi-PMTs for the IWCD

- NOI at Regina submitted, total requests similar to expected envelope
- Preparing application for internal review at University of Victoria

NSERC group (Hyper-K/T2K/Super-K/EMPHATIC) and RTI (build IWCD test experiment) grant applications submitted in September

- Review at TRIUMF in December appeared to go well
- Results ...

KEK/J-PARC funded for 4 months of operation (2 neutrino) in FY2019

- 10 oku-yen allocated to continue work on Main Ring power upgrade

Preparation of Hyper-K budget to be submitted in June is ongoing

- Hyper-K meeting on May 8,9 to finalize design that goes into budget
- Planning panel of neutrino scientist formed to give advice on roadmap from T2K to Hyper-K within budget boundary conditions

# Summary

T2K has analyzed all data collected through 2018, showing results with a  $2\sigma$  preference for CP non-conservation in January 2019. T2K running time will be significantly reduced through FY2021 as the accelerator power upgrade takes priority. In FY2019, ~\$10M was allocated towards the power upgrade. Preparation of the budget request for Hyper-K continues with NuPRISM (IWCD) and multi-PMTs considered as primary areas for international contributions. The Hyper-K Canada group continues development of NuPRISM, multi-PMTs and calibration systems for Hyper-K, and a CFI application for multi-PMT contributions to NuPRISM is under preparation. The Hyper-K Canada group is also initiating efforts to apply machine learning techniques for event reconstruction in Hyper-K, NuPRISM and Super-K. After its upgrade, the Super-K detector is operational and the leak rate has been reduced to an undetectable level. The analysis of the first hadron production data from the EMPHATIC experiment is completed and a publication is under preparation.